KYAE Common Core Standards

Unpacking Chart for Foundational Skills Standards (K-5)

1	2	3	4	5	6
Standards	Skills Included	Concepts	Through a	Cognitive Demand/	Sample Activity
	in Standard	Included in	Particular	Levels of Thinking	
		Standard	Context		
Print Concepts RFK.1 Demonstrate unders	tanding of the organi	zation and basic features c	of print		
a. Follow words from left to right, top to bottom, and page by page	Follow	words	from left to right, top to bottom and page by page	Remembering	Teacher will give an appropriate leveled text to the students and ask them to read with their fingers tracking form left to right, return sweep and asking, "Where do we go next?", when coming to the bottom of the page.
b. Recognize that spoken words are represented in written language by specific sequences in letters	Recognize	spoken words are represented in written language	by specific sequences in letters	Remembering	The teacher will give the student letter cards, then say a CVC word and then ask them to make the words.
c. Understand that words are separated by spaces in print	Understand	words are separated by spaces	in print	Remembering	The teacher will read a poem on a chart and have the student follow along with a pointer; pointing to each word to make sure the spoken word and the printed words "match".

d. Recognize and name	Recognize and	all the lower and upper	in the alphabet	Remembering	The teacher will present a
all the upper and lower	name	case letters			paper with the upper and
case letters in the					lower case alphabet in
alphabet.					random order. The
aipiiabet.					student must name the
					letters in a fast and fluent
					manner.
Phonological Awareness					
_	standing of spoken wo	ords, syllables, and sounds	(phonemes)		
THE DEFINITION OF A CONTROL	standing or spoken we	ras, synastes, and sounds	(prioriemes)		
a. Recognize and	Recognize and	rhyming words		Applying	The students will make up
produce rhyming	produce				funny rhymes that rhyme
words					with their names or name
					in their family.
b. Count, pronounce,	Count, pronounce,	syllables	in spoken words	Applying	The teacher will recite
blend and segment	blend and				two, three and four
syllables in spoken	segment				syllable words to the
words					students. The students
					will say each word, clap
					each syllable, and count
					the number of syllables.
					Then the students will
					blend the syllables to say
					the whole word.
c. Blend and segment	Blend and	onset and rimes	of single –syllable	Applying	The teacher will give the
onsets and rimes of	segment		spoken words		onset of a word (e.g., /m/
single-syllable					and then the rime (e.g.,
spoken words					/at/) and the students wil
					blend the two parts
					together to say the whole
					word. Then the students
					will say another given CV0
					word (e.g., hat) and
					segment it into the onset

d. Isolate and pronounce the initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in three-phoneme (consonant-vowel-consonant, or CVC) words* this does not include CVC's ending with /l/, /r/, or /x/)	Isolate and pronounce	initial , medial vowel and final sounds	in three-phoneme words (CVC words)	Applying	The teacher will say a real or nonsense CVC word to the students. The student will say the first, middle and last sound by pushing a chip forward for each sound.
e. Add or substitute individual sounds (phonemes) in simple, one-syllable words to make new words.	Add or substitute to make	individual sounds (phonemes) new words	in simple one- syllable words	Applying	The teacher will say a word (e.g., /in/) and ask the students to add a sound (e.g., /p/) to the beginning of the word to make a new word. Then the teacher will ask the students to change the first sound in a word (e.g., /pin/) to a new sound (e.g., /t/) and say the new word.
Phonics and Word Recogn RFK.3 Know and apply gra		word analysis skills in deco	oding words		
a. Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to —one letter — sound correspondence by producing the primary or many of the most frequent sounds for each	Demonstrate basic knowledge by producing	of one- to one letter sound correspondences the primary or many of the most frequent sounds	for each consonant	Remembering	The teacher will show a letter to the student and they will give the sound of each letter.
consonant.			for first	D	6:
b. Associate the	Associate	the long and short	for five major	Remembering	Given a series of CVC

long and short sounds with common spellings (graphemes) for the five major vowels.		sounds with common spellings (graphemes)	vowels		words (e.g., mat) the student should be able to read the word and identify the short vowel sound and after adding an <i>e</i> to the same word (e.g., mate), the student will read the word and identify the long vowel sound.
c. Read common high- frequency words by sight (e.g., the, of, to, you, she, my, is are, do, does)	Read	common high frequency words		Remembering	The teacher will present a list of Kindergarten high frequency words (e.g., Dolch). The student will read each word fast and fluent with 96% accuracy.
d. Distinguish between similarly spelled words by identifying the sounds of the letters that differ	Distinguish by identifying	between similarly spelled words the sounds	of the letters that differ	Applying	Students will read words and underline the letters that make the words different (e.g., look, book, mad, mat).
RFK.4 Fluency Read emergent-reader texts with purpose and understanding	Read	emergent-reader texts	with purpose and understanding	Applying	When presented with emergent text, the student will read the text accurately and orally answer literal comprehension questions
Print Concepts RF1.1 Demonstrate underst	tanding of the orgar	nization and basic features o	of print	1	
a. Recognize the distinguishing features of a sentence (e.g. first word, capitalization,	Recognize the distinguishing	features of a sentence		Remembering	The teacher will present a simple text to a student and ask him or her to point to the first word in a

ending punctuation)					sentence, point to a
					capital letter and point to
					ending punctuation.
Phonological Awareness RF1.2 Demonstrate unders a. Distinguish long from short vowel sounds in spoken single-syllable words.	Distinguish	long from short vowel sounds	in spoken single - syllable words	Remembering	The teacher will present pictures that help student remember the sounds of long and short vowels. These pictures will be referred to whenever the vowels are presented (e.g., A - apple -ape, E -
h Orally produce single	Orally produce	single cullable words		Applying	egg, eagle, I - Indian - ice cream). Then the teacher will say long and short vowel words and then students will identify the vowel sound.
b. Orally produce single- syllable words by blending sound	Orally produce	single -syllable words		Applying	The teacher will demonstrate hearing the sounds in words by raising
(phonemes) including consonant blends	by blending	sounds(phonemes)	including consonant blends		a finger for each sound, including consonant blends. Students will follow the lead and orally produce single -syllable words given by the teacher.
c. Isolate and pronounce initial, medial vowel, and final sounds (phonemes) in spoken single -syllable words.	Isolate and pronounce	initial, medial vowel and final sounds (phonemes)	in spoken single syllable words	Applying	The teacher will say single syllable words to the students. The student will say the first, middle and last sound by pushing a chip forward for each sound.

d. Segment spoken	Segment	spoken single-syllable	into complete	Applying	Students will be given a
single-syllable words into		words	sequence of		single syllable word (e.g.,
their complete sequence			individual sounds		make) and push a chip
of individual sounds			(phonemes)		forward for each sound in
					the word.
(phonemes)					
Phonics and word Recognit			1		
RF1.3 Know and apply grad		word analysis skills in deco	_	T	
	Know	spelling-sound	for common		Students will take letter
		correspondences	consonant		cards with common
a. Know the spelling -			diagraphs	Remembering	consonant
sound correspondences					diagraphs/vowels and
for common consonant					make simple words using
diagraphs					the cards as the teacher
					dictates the words to
					them. The students write
					the words on a chart.
b. Decode regularly	Decode	regularly spelled one-		Applying	Students will take letter
spelled one-syllable		syllable words			cards and show the letters
words					that make up a given one
					syllable word. After
					showing the cards they
					will write each word to
					confirm.
c. Know final-e and	Know	final e and common	for representing	Applying	After teacher
common vowel team		vowel conventions	vowel sounds		demonstration of the
conventions for					effects of the "magic e",
representing long vowel					students will change
					simple CVC words (e.g.,
sounds					hat-hate, cap-cape, con-
					cone) to words with a
					silent e at the end.
d. Use knowledge that	Use knowledge	every syllable must		Applying	Students will take two to
every syllable must have		have a vowel sound			three syllable words,
a vowel sound to					underline the single
determine the number of					vowels and vowel teams,
	to determine	the number of syllables	in a printed word		(e.g., ea, oa) and then spli
syllables in a printed					the word into syllables

word					based on the number of vowels or vowel teams found in each word.
e. Decode two-syllable words following basic patterns by breaking the words into syllables	Decode by breaking	two syllable words following basic patterns words into syllables		Applying	Students will take two to three syllable words, underline the single vowels and/or vowel teams, (e.g. ea, oa) and then split the word into syllables based on the number of vowels or vowel teams found in each word
f. Read words with inflectional endings	Read	words	with inflectional endings	Applying	Students will be given a list of words with different inflectional endings to read aloud to class.
g. Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words	Recognize and read	grade appropriate irregularly spelled words		Remembering	Students will read first grade sight words (e.g., Dolch) quickly and fluently with 96% accuracy.
Fluency RF1.4 Read with sufficient	accuracy and fluency	to support comprehensio	n		
a. Read on -level text with purpose and understanding	Read	on level text	with purpose and understanding	Applying	Students will read on-level text with 96% accuracy and be able to answer 2-3 comprehension questions.
b. Read on-level text orally with accuracy appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings	Read	on level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression	on successive readings	Applying	Students will participate in Reader's Theater, choral reading and partner reading.
c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading	Use context to confirm or self correct	word recognition and understanding,	rereading as necessary	Applying	Students will try to meet the goal of a self correction rate of 1:2 words, by rereading, and making sure the text

as necessary.					makes sense and sounds right.
Phonics and Word Recogni	tion		1		1 0
RF2.3 Know and apply grad	de-level phonics an	d word analysis skills in deco	oding words		
a. Distinguish long and short vowels when reading regularly spelled one-syllable words	Distinguish when reading	regularly spelled one- syllable words		Remembering	Students will be asked to give a thumbs up signal when the teacher reads a word with a long vowel sound and a thumbs down signal when the teacher reads a word with a short vowel sound.
b. Know spelling -sound correspondences for additional common vowel teams	Know	spelling -sound correspondences	for additional common vowel team words	Applying	Students will use a word sort and put words into groups that have common vowel teams (e.g., moon, look, bird, turn).
c. Decode regularly spelled two-syllable words with long vowels	Decode	regularly spelled two- syllable words	with long vowels	Applying	Students will write two syllable words with long vowels, explaining how the vowel becomes long by looking for the silent e at the end of the word and words that contain double vowels, such as oa, ai, and ea.
d. Decode words with common prefixes and suffixes	Decode	words	with common prefixes and suffixes	Applying	Students will be able to recognize the prefix and suffix that appears on a word and explain how the meaning of the word has changed because of the addition of the prefix or suffix.
e. Identify words with inconsistent but common spelling -sound	Identify	words	with inconsistent , but common spelling sound	Applying	Students will be able to sort words by the inconsistent spelling

correspondences			correspondences		sounds (e.g., ir, ur, er words).
f. Recognize and read grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words	Recognize and read	grade-appropriate irregularly spelled words		Remembering	Students will read second grade (e.g., Dolch) words with 96% accuracy and fluently.
Fluency RF2.4 Read with sufficient a	accuracy and fluency	to support comprehension	1		
a. Read on level text with purpose and understanding	Read	on-level text	with purpose and understanding	Applying	Students will read on-level text with 96% accuracy and be able to answer 2-3 comprehension questions. 100 WPM is the goal
b. Read on-level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings	Read	on- level text orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression	on successive readings	Applying	Students will participate in Reader's Theater, choral reading and partner reading
c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary	Use context to confirm or self correct	word recognition and understanding,	rereading as necessary	Applying	Students will try to meet the goal of a self correction rate of 1:2 words, by rereading, and making sure the text makes sense and sounds right.
Grade 3 Phonics and Word Recogni RF3.3 Know and apply grad		vord analysis in decoding v	words		
a. Identify and know the meaning of the most common prefixes and derivational suffixes	Identify and know	the meaning of the most common prefixes and derivational suffixes		Applying	Students will fill out a grid with the most common prefix and suffix meanings. The prefixes, suffixes and their meanings will be written on index cards and

					then used to play a
					matching game.
b. Decode words with	Decode	words	with common	Applying	Students will use the
common Latin suffixes			Latin suffixes		prefix and suffix sheet to
					decode and define words
					that contain prefixes and
					suffixes. Then they will use
					each word in a sentence.
c. Decode multisyllable	Decode	multisyllable words		Applying	Students will divide words
words					into syllables by first
					finding the vowels/vowel
					teams in each word,
					splitting consonant pairs,
					any prefixes, suffixes, etc
d. Read grade -	Read	grade-appropriate			Students will read third
appropriate irregularly		irregularly spelled		Remembering	grade (e.g., Dolch) words
spelled words		words			with 96% accuracy quickly
spenea words					and fluently.
Fluency	•	•	•	,	

RF3.4 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension

a. Read on-level text with purpose and understanding.	Read	on level text	with purpose and understanding	Applying	Students will read on-level text with 96% accuracy and be able to answer 2-3 comprehension questions. Goal is 110-135 wpm
b. Read on-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings	Read	on level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate and expression	on successive readings	Applying	Students will participate in Reader's Theater , choral reading and partner reading
c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding rereading as necessary	Use context to confirm or self-correct	word recognition and understanding	rereading as necessary	Applying	Students will try to meet the goal of a self correction rate of 1:2 words, by rereading, and making sure the text makes sense and sounds

					right.
Grade Four					
Phonics and Word Recogni	tion				
RF4.3 Know and apply grad	de -level phonics and v	word analysis skills in deco	ding words		
a. Use combined knowledge of all lettersound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g. roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words i context and out of context.	Use combined knowledge to read accurately	of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns and morphology unfamiliar multisyllabic words	in context and out of context.	Applying	Teacher will review syllabication patterns (e.g. closed syllable, open syllable, magic e, vowel team, bossy R, diphthongs and consonant-le) in order to decode words. Students will use the knowledge to divide and sound out unknown words.
RF4.4					
Fluency					
Read with sufficient accura	ocy and fluoncy to cun	anart comprehension			
nead with sufficient accura	icy and nuency to sup	port comprehension			
a. Read on-level test with purpose and understanding.	Read	on level text	with purpose and understanding	Applying	Students will read on-leve text with 96% accuracy and be able to answer 2-3 comprehension questions Goal is 140 wpm
b. Read on -level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.	Read orally	on level prose and poetry with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression	on successive readings	Applying	Students will participate in Reader's Theater, choral reading and partner reading

Grade Five	c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary	Use context to confirm or self correct	word recognition and understanding,	rereading as necessary	Applying	Students will try to meet the goal of a self correction rate of 1:2 words, by rereading, and making sure the text makes sense and sounds right.
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Phonics and Word Recognition

RF5.3 Know and apply grade level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.

a. Use combined	Use	combined knowledge		Applying	Teacher will review
knowledge of all letter- sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in	to read accurately	of letter - sound correspondences, syllabication patterns and morphology			syllabication patterns (e.g., closed syllable, open syllable, magic e vowel team bossy R, diphthongs and consonant-le) in order to decode words.
context and out of context.		unfamiliar multisyllabic words	in context and out of context		

RF5.4

Fluency

Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension

a. Read on level text with purpose and understanding	Read	on level text	with purpose and understanding	Applying	Students will read on-level text with 96% accuracy and be able to answer 2-3 comprehension questions. Goal is 160 WPM
b. Read on -level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.	Read	on-level prose and poetry with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression	on successive readings	Applying	Students will participate in Reader's Theater , choral reading and partner reading,
c. Use context to confirm or self -correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.	Use context to confirm or self correct	word recognition and understanding	rereading as necessary	Applying	The teacher will show students how to use context clues signals while reading (e.g., commas, definition signal words, synonyms and antonyms).